INSIDE TRACK

\$400B Stolen in COVID Unemployment Fraud

According to recent reports, as much as half of unemployment benefits paid out as part of government-issued COVID relief funds may have been stolen through fraud. And allegedly much of that money has left U.S. shores through the scheming of international criminals. In total, America may have been cheated out of more than \$400 billion due to fraudulent claims.

The reports — from fraud-detection services ID.me and LexisNexis Risk Solutions — are both shocking and damning. Blake Hall, CEO of ID.me, told Axios June 10 that America has lost more than \$400 billion to fraudulent claims. As much as 50



percent of all unemployment monies might have been stolen, said Hall. And Haywood Talcove — CEO of LexisNexis Risk Solutions — estimates that at least 70 percent of the money was hijacked by impostors who ultimately left the country, much of the wealth ending up in the hands of criminal syndicates in China, Nigeria, Russia, and elsewhere. "These groups are definitely backed by the state," he said.

With long-term unemployment payments now being issued on a massive scale as a result of the government's COVID response, criminals are seeing an opportunity to cash in. Add to that the simple fact that — like nearly everything else related to government handling of COVID over the past year — states were unprepared for unemployment claims on a gigantic scale never before seen.

The sheer numbers of unemployment claims overwhelmed the system, and the typical checks and balances put in place to weed out fraud fell apart. The result was state-sponsored criminal organizations around the world cashing in on a financial stimulus plan Democrats told America we needed because of a financial crisis they created.

Government created a crisis then produced money out of thin air to "solve" the crisis. Par for the course, government could not be bothered to keep up with that newly created money.

Perhaps the real crime is not that \$400 billion in unemployment was stolen, but that it was created in the first place.

Medical Journal: "Whiteness" Is a "Parasitic Pathology"

The Journal of the American Psychoanalytic Association has officially declared "whiteness" to be a parasitic pathology that has no known cure.

The May 27 article, titled "On Having Whiteness," was written by Dr. Donald Moss, a white man who is a faculty member of both the New York Psychoanalytic Institute and the San Francisco Center for Psychoanalysis.

Moss defines whiteness as a "condition one first acquires and then one has — a malignant, parasitic-like condition to which 'white' people have a particular susceptibility. The condition is foundational, generating characteristic ways of being in one's body, in one's mind, and in one's world."

"Parasitic Whiteness" writes Moss, "renders its hosts' appetites voracious, insatiable, and perverse. These deformed appetites particularly target nonwhite peoples. Once established, these appetites are nearly impossible to eliminate."

Moss offers some treatments for the condition, the most effective of which includes "a combination of psychic and socialhistorical interventions." Such interventions "reasonably aim only to reshape Whiteness's infiltrated appetites — to reduce their intensity, redistribute their aims, and occasionally turn those aims toward the work of reparation." Even then, Moss laments, there "is no guarantee against regression" and "there is not yet a permanent cure."

Moss's claims were so astounding that some observers specu-

lated that the journal article was fictional and perhaps satirical of anti-white wokeness. But the peer-reviewed study is real, and the former New York University educator appears to have plenty of like-minded "experts" in mental-health circles.

